	Name _	Date: Period:
		Mixed Work, Power and Mechanical Advantage Problems
(A)	Direction Power=	work Power= Watts Time Seconds Remember to show your calculations!! By Work Force & Distance Joules Newtons meters Fig.
	(A) 1.	While rowing in a race, John does 3960 J of work on the oars in 60.0s. What is his power output in watts?
	© 2.	A worker applies an effort force of 68 N to open a window with a resistance force of 760 N. What is the crowbar's MA?
	(A) 3.	It takes 100 J of work to lift an elevator 18m. If this is done in 20 s, what is the average power of the elevator during the process?
(B),(Â) 4.	Suppose you are moving a box of books. Calculate your power output if you exert a force of 60.0 N to push the box 12.0 m in 20.0 s. Hint: Calculate Work first, then calculate power!
	B 5.	A crane uses an average force of 5200 N to lift a girder 25 m. How much work does the crane do on the girder?
	© ^{6,}	Find the resistance force of a machine with jack with a mechanical advantage of 15.5 and an input force of 54.5 N.
	B 7.	An apple weighing 1 N falls through a distance of of 1 m. How much work is done on the apple by the force of gravity?
©	Mecha	nical Advantage (2 equations)

or Output Force (N)
Input Force (N)

Input distance (m)

output distance (m)

Input = effort = what is done to machine

Output = resistance = what machine does

